

The Omaha Bee.

Published every morning, except Sunday, the only Monday morning daily. TERMS BY MAIL - One Year, \$10.00 Three Months, \$3.00 Six Months, \$5.00 One 1.00

THE WEEKLY BEE, published every Wednesday. TERMS POST PAID - One Year, \$2.00 Three Months, .50 Six Months, 1.00 One .20

AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY, Sole Agents or Newsdealers in the United States.

CORRESPONDENCE - All Communications relating to News and Editorial matters should be addressed to the Editor of THE BEE.

BUSINESS LETTERS - All Business Letters and Remittances should be addressed to THE OMAHA PUBLISHING COMPANY, OMAHA, DRAFTS, CHECKS and POST OFFICE ORDERS to be made payable to the order of the Company.

OMAHA PUBLISHING CO., PROP'RS. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

NOTICE TO NEWSDEALERS. The publishers of THE BEE have made arrangements with the American News Company to supply News D-pots in Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming and Utah.

THE ghost of the Corns investigation will haunt a good many political bed-sides this fall.

FARNAM street property owners are in favor of pavements of any other material but macadam. Experience is the best teacher.

EVERY Nebraskan who has made a motion in a party caucus feels that he has a special call to warm a congressional seat in congress. Many are called, but few are chosen.

STEPHENS stock has fallen about 75 per cent. in the independent market since he has announced that he will not run for governor of Georgia unless he gets the democratic nomination.

HON. LORENZO CROUNSE has met with a sad and irreparable bereavement in the death of his wife. Although not entirely unexpected, the loss of his affectionate companion and the fond and devoted mother of his children is the heaviest blow that he has ever sustained.

FOREIGN travel will become very popular in the navy since the decision of the supreme court, which allows officers eight cents mileage in all their official traveling, while the treasury department has hitherto allowed only eight cents within the limits of the United States, and insisted on paying only actual expenses when the trip was outside the country.

THE GROWTH OF TRADES UNIONISM. "In England," says John Morley, "trades unions have come to be as much a recognized institution of society as town councils or boards of guardians."

The United States is about entering upon a struggle whose ending in England more than ten years ago, after more than a quarter of a century of bitter conflict, is largely responsible for the existing friendly relations between capital and labor in that country.

The headquarters of the knights of labor are at Pittsburgh; their strength lies in the mining regions of Pennsylvania and in the western states.

The contests between labor and capital in England carried on, on the one side by the great manufacturers and on the other by the trades unions, finally resulted in the establishment of the principle of arbitration.

From the midst of the much feared trades union arose such leaders as Joseph Chamberlain and Joseph Arch, who defended the principles of the labor organizations on the hustings and in the public halls, and finally carried their appeal to the doors of parliament.

Capital had always been in possession of the public ear. Labor was now to be heard through the press in the political canvass and on the floor of the house of commons itself.

The revolution brought about by the trades unions was a mighty one. There had been much legislation in favor of capital; now parliament found itself forced by a tide of public opinion to legislate for labor.

Among the victors gained by the English trades unions, were laws respecting the hours of labor, the forbidding of "truck shops" in connection with mines and factories, preventing the employment of children, compelling the supervision of workshops, factories and mines, and legalizing organizations of labor for the mutual benefit of their members.

Parliamentary commissions investigated laborers' homes, tried into the ventilation and safety of buildings in which labor was employed, and reported upon the average earning capacity of different trades.

Employers were brought to see that confidence could be brought to take the place of distrust just as soon as they would receive fair treatment at the hands of their employers.

Boards of arbitration were organized in every branch of trade, composed in most cases of three men, one selected from the trades union, one by the employer and another by the two combined.

Within ten years one hundred and thirty great strikes have been satisfactorily settled by these courts, and millions of dollars saved to the nation.

Trades unionism, no longer denounced from pulpit and platform, now flourishes in the popular confidence, and in the words of Mr. Morley, "is as much an organized institution of society as town councils or boards of guardians."

We believe that the people of the United States have no less reason for confidence in the growth of Trades Unionism in this country than England to-day has in her own labor organizations.

The American workingman is much more at the mercy of his employer than the Englishman. The arrogance of capital has been fed upon the impotency of labor.

Isolated unions have been too weak to make their influence felt throughout the country and a threatened strike in one state has been quickly suppressed on this account, by an importation of labor from another.

The great need of trades unionism in the United States has been combination and organization, and towards this end affairs are drifting very rapidly. The "Knights of Labor" is the first attempt on a large scale to enable labor to meet capital on an equal footing.

our country needs a better understanding of the relations of capital and labor, their mutual interdependence in their points of conflict, the causes of the strifes and jealousies which grow up between employer and employe, and the means best adopted to cause and maintain harmonious relations. In England it was the trades unions which brought about a truce to the expensive conflicts between manufactory and workmen, and it may be that in America the Knights of Labor may succeed in accomplishing the same end.

WE MUST CRUSH THEM.

Mr. Cameron is mad, very mad indeed, according to the dispatches from Philadelphia, where the boss of the Pennsylvania republicans is grinding his teeth over the formidable revolt within his party. "I never saw the senator in such a bad temper before," said a gentleman who lives in the interior of the state.

"He fairly stormed, and in his choicest terms of condemnation, committed the whole independent board to the most torrid of zones. "D-n them all," he exclaimed, "we must crush them; we'll give them all the fight they want, even if we have to go down with colors flying, as the 306 went down. They must be crushed." Mr. Cameron has got a big job on his hands. He is not the first politician who started out as a crusher in true dramatic style and ended the play in the role of "The Crushed Tragedian."

The people, by which we mean the large majority of voters who submit to one man rule and boss methods only until the boss throws off the mask of the party Moses, have always exhibited a very strong reluctance to submit to the crushing process. Cameron's sole stock in trade has been his ability to crush the expression of political sentiment in Pennsylvania politics by weighting down the nominating and electoral machinery of the state whenever it dared to oppose his will.

Just at present his stock has run very low and his best customers are patronizing a rival concern which is pledged to do a little crushing on behalf of the best blood of the republican party. It is barely possible that Mr. Cameron may experience the sensations of the men who tried to tickle the hind leg of the mule with such disastrous results to his personal appearance, but with a substantial increase of his stock of information.

The general interest taken in the political contest in Pennsylvania arises from the feeling that in warring against the Cameron dynasty the independent republicans are making the first determined battle for a free and unbridled expression of political sentiment throughout the country. Pennsylvania is not the only state which is afflicted by unscrupulous party leaders, or in which the voice of the party upon questions of public policy has been systematically throttled to advance the personal ends of ambitions and corrupt politicians.

Nor is Pennsylvania the sole instance in which opposition to the crack of the bosses which has been met by the insolent retort that public sentiment must be crushed at all hazards in order to maintain the supremacy of the few at the expense of the many. "We must crush them" is the cry of the bosses in every state where signs of revolt against party abuses begin to appear. "We must crush them" is the response of the political machine of corporate monopolies to all organizations created to resist monopoly dictation, and interfere in party methods.

The reply of intelligent and thoughtful voters in every case must be that of the Pennsylvania independents. Purity in political methods, the free and unrestricted expression of public sentiment, and the assurance of truly representative government must be secured at all costs. If to accomplish this end, it is necessary to withdraw from political organizations which have outlived their usefulness because they no longer voice the will of the mass of the party whose name they bear, then no other course remains but open revolt.

The only way to overthrow bossism, be it the bossism of unscrupulous party leaders, or the tyrannical despotism of consolidated capital manipulated by disreputable tricksters, is to shear the locks from these modern Samsons. The people will not submit to be crushed, and when no other alternative presents itself, will speedily organize to crush the crushers.

STATE JOTTINGS.

Guide Rock wants a barber. Loup City is to have another bank. Pawnee City has a population of 1,215. The Falls City News is to be enlarged.

Grand Island had a snow storm on the 23d. There are nearly 500 farmers' alliances in the state. Hogs shot up to \$7 a hundred in Beatrice last week.

Weeping Water unwaranted against Hartmouth. Butte county is to have a grand wolf hunt on June 3.

A Fairmount man last week invested \$10,000 in a flouring mill. A mountain lion is visiting the fields and flocks of Webster county.

Bloom Bros. have started The Journal at Liberty, Gage county. A great many settlers are going into Gage county this spring.

A Butler county horse fell while bucking last week and killed itself. A good many farmers of West Branch

precinct, Pawnee county, are losing young pigs. Can't not stated. The Calvert Advertiser finds itself compelled to enlarge to ten pages.

There are fifty-nine subscribers to the Grand Island telegraph exchange. West Point has a three legged chicken, the third leg having six claws.

An agricultural society was organized at O'Neill City, Holt county, on the 23d. Grand Island is making great preparations for the soldiers' reunion in August.

Two hundred dollars worth of fireworks will be burned at Falls City on the 4th of July. Thirty new dwellings have been erected in Fullerton this spring and still they cry for more.

A large amount of railroad land in Dawson county is reserved for a large colony of Swedes. The O'Neill City boy, named Connolly, injured while playing base ball, died from the effects.

A broom factory is to be started in Sevier to handle the broom corn grown in that county. Volney Thomas county are getting away with a number of lambs, chickens, etc., this spring.

Seven militia companies will join with Company C at the Leaside Decoration day celebration. The corner stone of the Plattsmouth opera house was laid under Masonic auspices on the 21th.

Two sons of J. K. Adams, of Tekamah, were drowned while bathing in a mill pond on the 20th. McCook is the name of the division town of the R. & M. Devere line in the Republican valley. Town lots are worth \$500.

A man named Johnson, agent for a Burlington insurance company, was arrested at York on the 23d for alleged swindling \$10,000. Plattsmouth's latest curiosity is a radish growing in "the shape of a girl's hand" after it had had the "good night" squeezed out of it.

The neighborhood of Creston, Platte county, has suffered from fire to a large extent, a great number of houses and a large extent of fine young groves being destroyed. The house of Geo. Murdoch, at Schuyler, was struck by lightning recently, the current making holes through a kettle and stove and killing a cow.

James McMahon, living near Tekamah, accidentally exploded a cartridge in his face on the 20th, burning his eyes so severely that he may not see again. An evasive paper in an evasive town says that the conspirator (Calvert and Sheridan) in Nebraska county were dubbed Auburn because of the pre-eminence color of the locks of the ladies therein.

Grand Island expects Grant, Conkling, Lane, Ingwersen, Logan and Logan at the reunion. If all of them go, Grand Island can't hold half the Nebraskans who will also attend. Henry Skinner, an Adams county farmer, was fined \$200 and given three months imprisonment for cruelly treating a small dog that he had taken from the Chicago Home for the Friendless.

Ada Orr, a young lady of Hastings, snatched by strangulation on the 21st inst. was a girl of sensitive temperament, and family trouble drove her to the aberration that resulted in her suicide. Frank Simrod, a David City Bohemian, in jail on the charge of incest (his step-daughter being the victim), snatched by hanging on the 21st, with a linen strip taken from his under-josies. He was afraid the officers would kill him for his crime and went crazy over it.

The Grand Army Post organized at Pawnee City last week, was named John Ingham Post No. 95, in honor of the first soldier buried in Pawnee City cemetery. He was of foreign birth, and was in this country but a short time when he enlisted as a soldier of the republic; was wounded in the service and died before he became a naturalized citizen. He was no spauldier upon his shoulder, but was "only a private soldier."

Call For an Anti-Monopoly Convention.

We, the undersigned citizens of Juniata, Adams county, Nebraska, favor the organization of a state anti-monopoly league, and hereby authorize the use of our names for a call for a meeting to be held in Lincoln on that purpose:

- W. B. L. Picard, E. B. Partridge, A. N. Cole, E. N. Crane, James Nowell, J. W. Liveringhouse, A. P. Slack, E. Moore, Geo. Walker, R. H. Nolan, E. E. Adam, H. H. Bartle, F. E. Wilson, W. L. Kilburn, F. M. Anderson, W. J. Norris, John T. Hill, W. H. Burr, Geo. T. Brown, C. A. Anton, E. Brass, C. D. Sewell, A. H. Brown, W. S. Clark, G. S. Guild, E. F. Walker, E. M. Allen, S. O. Angell, Geo. W. Carter, W. Akeley, E. W. Morse, I. M. Tapper, A. Borden, F. M. Eighmy, N. M. Lloyd, D. H. Fieeman, Will H. Payne, C. F. Hogg

The meeting for the formation of a state league will be held at the Academy of Music in Lincoln on Wednesday, June 21, 1882.

A Renovating Remedy.

Is to be found in BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. As an antidote or sick headache, female weakness, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, and other diseases of a kindred nature, these bitters are invaluable. Price, \$1.00. m13d1w

ARMSTRONG'S MONUMENT.

The Handsome Stone which is to Mark the Murdered Man's Grave.

A Box reporter in passing by the Nebraska marble works, 1511 Dodge street, Saturday saw the new monument just completed and to be placed above the grave of the late George P. Armstrong at Prospect Hill cemetery.

The monument is of Rutland blue marble, eight feet in height, and resting upon a base of dressed stone. It is of the "cottage" style, the die which rises from the second base being surmounted by a cap with most elaborate moldings and a handsome urn. The workmanship is the finest, and the monument an artistic gem.

The inscription on the "die" is simply "George P. Armstrong. Died March 12th, 1882. Aged 59 years." On the marble base, beneath the family name "Armstrong" is carved in bas relief. The stone will be put in place to-day and will attract a great deal of attention from the visitors on Decoration day, as all will desire to see it.

Evils to be Avoided.

Over-eating is in one sense a productive of evil as intemperance in drinking. Avoid both, and keep the blood purified with Burdock blood bitters, and you will be rewarded with robust health and an invigorated system. Price \$1. m3d1w

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Omaha's Future An Assuredly Bright One. During the State Sportsmen's tournament in this city, some very bright and readable letters have been sent the State Journal by Col. B. H. Polk, who, in to-day's issue, has the following among other notes:

"Omaha bears evidences of prosperity. There can scarcely be a doubt regarding her being a city of importance in the future. She is no small punkin even now. Heretofore her miserable streets have been the chief drawback to a more rapid growth, but since an act of the extra session of the legislature fixed it so she can do so with undoubted legality, she will certainly go to work and build such streets as are needed and that will be a credit to any city. There are in course of erection many new buildings in the shape of business houses, and scores upon scores of residences in every quarter of the city, mostly small ones for the laboring masses. Upon the hill overlooking the valley of the Missouri and the bluffs beyond, are some beautiful homes, tastefully kept, and taking in such an enchanting view that I could not refrain from envying the occupants of some of them. The outlook reminds me forcibly of that from the hills in the southern outskirts of Vicksburg, save there the expanse of water falling under the vision is much greater, but with no line of bluffs in the distance as there is here. The surroundings are strikingly alike. I fear if I bring my people here and they were to get a glimpse of this view I would never be able to get them back to Lincoln."

Hartford, Pa.

Thomas Fitch Bradford, Pa., writes: "I enclose money for Stearns' Bile Beans, as I said I would if it cured me. My dyspepsia has vanished, with all its symptoms. Many thanks; I shall never be without it in the house." Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents. m3d1w

A SUNDAY SCHOOL COMET.

The Heavenly Wanderer Now Coming a Very Decorous Fellow. A philosopher, in placing his astronomical thoughts on paper, talks as follows: "If we are to believe the truthful astronomers—and as they are neither mixed up in politics nor religion, they can have no particular objection to lie—the biggest kind of a comet is coming toward this planet. A patent medicine man offers a reward for every comet that is unearthed, without regard to age, size, sex or previous condition. Church people, and all others who believe in preserving the proprieties, will be glad to learn that this 'frail' comet does not hold its tail straight up in the air in a frisky and important manner, as the last one did. The coming comet is what might be called a family comet. There is nothing improper about it, at least the old scientists, who are judges in such matters, and who have been looking at it with opera glasses, say there is not. This coming comet has one habit that is highly commendable. It does not do as the last one did; that could only be seen after dark, as it is often the case with disreputable fast characters. This new comet will keep open all the season, with a matinee for ladies, clergymen and children in the afternoon. It is a regular Sunday school comet. It will be visible in daylight, to use plain language."

He May Well Be Joyful.

Torrea, Kan., May 12, 1881. H. H. WALKER, Esq., Sir:—After nineteen years of unmitigated suffering from chronic kidney disease I finally found joyful restoration to health in your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. d22-1w D. B. OWENS.

DECLINES THE INVITATION.

Bartlett Crawley through a Knot-hole and Pulls the Hole After Him. At the request of E. M. Bartlett we copy the following letter that appeared in the two Omaha monopoly papers Saturday morning:

To J. F. CRAIG, Geo. Devere, William Tuttle, and Others, Officers of the Omaha Labor Association of the City of Omaha: GENTLEMEN—My attention has been called to a communication in the Omaha Bee, purporting to be signed by officers of the labor associations in this city, inviting me to be present at a workmen's mass meeting, to be held at the Academy of Music on Sunday, May 28th, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., to enable me to publicly explain to my constituents. While I fully appreciate the courtesy extended me by your kind invitation, I must respectfully decline, as I deem it entirely unnecessary to explain a matter about which there is no ambiguity and can be no mistake. The report you desire me to explain is a matter of record and can be found in the journal of the seventeenth session of the house of representatives, at the capitol, in the city of Lincoln, in the state of Nebraska. I presume the files of the Republican and Herald of this city also contain correct copies of said report. As there is no blame attached therein to the laboring men individually or as organizations, I believe it meets the hearty approval of all law-abiding citizens. The object of the resolution was to fix the censure in relation to calling out the troops where it properly belonged, and those only who took advantage of the existence of the strike to create a disturbance are blamed. The report, therefore, cannot be offensive to any peaceful laboring man.

It will afford me pleasure to address my friends among the laboring men whenever I may have the honor of being invited to do so, but as the Sabbath day is one recognized and set apart by our laws as a day of rest and held sacred by a large portion of the community as a day of worship I cannot consent to take part in a political mass meeting for the purpose of a public discussion of political questions on that day.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant, E. M. BARTLETT.

As a cure for Rheumatism the most eminent physicians of the day highly recommend St. Jacobs Oil. It can be purchased at any drug house, and the price is insignificant, when you take into consideration the wonderful cures it will produce.

OPENING THE BALL.

Steps Toward Paving the Streets of Omaha. Pursuant to the call published in THE BEE, a meeting of the property owners on Farnam street was held Saturday night, at the First National bank, at which there were present, Messrs. H. Kountze, A. J. Poppleton, H. W. Yates, Dr. Miller, Samuel Burns, W. W. Lowe, James C. Creighton, Frank Murphy, A. L. Strang, W. R. Bowen, E. R. Swater, C. F. Goodman, Max Meyer, F. J. McShane, Fred Lowe, B. B. Wood, Chas. Beindorf, H. Pandt, Jno. McCormick, M. Hellman, and several others.

Mr. Herman Kountze was chosen chairman and Max Meyer secretary. The object of the meeting was stated to be the consideration of the question of bettering the condition of Farnam street from Ninth to Fifteenth street, either by repairing the macadam now down or putting in new pavement of some kind.

A general debate took place, in which Messrs Poppleton, Rosewater, Miller, Meyer, Kountze and Burns participated. It was moved that it is the sense of this meeting that the sidewalks of Farnam street ought to be widened to twenty feet. Carried unanimously.

It was moved that the city council be asked to take immediate steps to put Farnam street pavement in temporary repair. Carried.

The meeting adjourned.

Mr. Wm. Reyscher, Notary Public, 83 Mercer street New York, says: St. Jacobs Oil has been of great service to me, as I thankfully acknowledge. I suffered with rheumatic pain in the face and ears; induced to try St. Jacobs Oil, I found immediate relief, and it effected an entire cure. Moved by a sense of duty, it therefore gives me great pleasure to recommend to suffering mankind the St. Jacobs Oil, as a remedy worthy the highest praise.

THE CITY COURT. Judge Beneke Continues to Run the Judicial Mill. In the police court Saturday quite a number of cases came up of those arrested on warrants, etc.

The suit against Henry Homan was dismissed, and the defendant, Wm. P. Snowden being sick his case was continued.

John G. Nugent and Robert Glenn have been complained against for selling liquor without a license, and they will appear at 2 o'clock, to-day, to answer. They have sold under the old license issued to the Grand Central hotel, and with the advice of the mayor and city attorney that it was perfectly legal. They had also applied and paid for a new license in their own name, and believe the cause of this prosecution to be their refusal to obey the orders of the marshal to close up the Academy of Music on Sunday night.

The case of Geo. Grooms has been continued to June 7th, at 2 p. m. A complaint has been filed against Stephen Dolor, charging him with assault and battery, in that he threw a bucket of slop on one Isaac Hesson.

Several other complaints have been made, but are not for publication as yet.

A splendid addition to every family's supplies is a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil. It never disappoints.

Murray Iron Works, Burlington Iowa.

Semi-Portable Engines, FOR CREAMERIES, FARM MILLS, Printing Offices, Etc., A Specialty.

The Largest Iron Working Establishment in the State. MANUFACTURERS OF Steam Engines, AND GENERAL MACHINERY. The Howard Automatic Out-Off Steam Engine. Send for Circulars. d22-1w

Nebraska National BANK.

OF OMAHA NEBRASKA (No. 2665.) TREASURY DEPARTMENT. Office of COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, Washington, April 25th 1882.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE NEBRASKA NATIONAL BANK OF OMAHA," in the city of Omaha, in the county of Douglas, and state of Nebraska, has complied with all the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the United States required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking:

Now, therefore, I, John Jay Knox, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Nebraska National Bank of Omaha," in the city of Omaha, in the county of Douglas, and state of Nebraska, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal of office this 25th day of April 1882.

JOHN JAY KNOX, Comptroller of the Currency.

The above Bank is now prepared to receive business. It commences with a fully paid up capital of \$250,000, with officers and directors as follows:

S. B. JOHNSON, President, of Steele, Johnson & Co., Wholesale Grocers, E. E. E. Boston, W. V. MORSE, Vice-President, of C. B. & Q. Wholesale Grocers, W. V. Morse and Co., Wholesale Boots and Shoes, JNO. S. COLLINS, of G. H. J. S. Collins, Wholesale Grocers, JAMES M. Woolworth, Counselor and Attorney at Law, LEWIS S. REED, of Byron Reed & Co., Real Estate Dealers.

HENRY W. YATES, Cashier, late Cashier of the First National Bank of Omaha, and connected with the bank since its organization in 1863.

THE BIG FOUR.

Morton's Minstrels at Boyd's Opera House Monday Night. There will be another minstrel performance at Boyd's opera house to-night, Morton's "Big Four" being announced for that date. It may be believed they will draw a big crowd, as they always do in Omaha.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says of them: "There was a crowded house at Heuck's last night to welcome the Big Four Minstrels on their first appearance across the Rhine. We think we may safely say that before evening was half over a more enthusiastic and better pleased audience never assembled within the walls of Heuck's opera house. It is the best minstrel band that has visited this city for years, and is complete throughout—there is not a weak point in the show. The music is first class, the quartette a most wonderfully fine one, and a set of comedians that are all of deservedly fine reputation."

A Friend in Need.

Time over and again THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL has proved a salutary friend to the distressed. As a reliable curative for croup in children, sore throat and bronchial affections, and as a positive external remedy for pain, it is a never-failing antidote. m3d1w

GUSTAVE IS GOOD.

An Eminent Wise Selection for the Vacant Vice-Consulate. The "land of the midnight sun" was largely represented at the meeting Saturday evening in the Swedish Library hall. The object of the meeting was the selection of a man to be appointed vice consul for Norway and Sweden in the place of Mr. N. N. Vindqvist resigned.

Mr. G. Andreen was chosen president, Mr. A. D. Swendby, vice president and Mr. Aug. F. Sundman, secretary.

The following was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the Swedes and Norwegians, in mass meeting assembled, earnestly request Hons. Alvin Saunders, C. H. Van Wyck and E. K. Valentine, to use their influence upon C. Levenhaupt, our minister at Washington, in favor of Gustave Anderson, for vice-consul in place of N. N. Vindqvist resigned.

Judge Anderson is a man than whom none better could have been picked out anywhere. His residence in this city is of years standing, and each year adds to the high esteem in which people hold him. He is a representative man in every respect, and one who is destined to fill a more important position in future than he has ever yet aspired to. The city court in his hands will be in reality a court of justice, and in whatever station he is placed he brings to the exercise of his duties moderation and discretion as well as a firmness and sound judgment. He is a gentleman, a self made man and a citizen whom his adopted country can hold up as a model to be patterned after by all.

Don't scatter your wealth; but scatter your Rheumatism with St. Jacobs Oil and be happy.

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